## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

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A decoder and a decoding method can perform log-sum corrections by means of linear approximation, putting stress on speed, with a reduced circuit dimension without adversely affecting the decoding performance of the circuit. The decoder comprises a linear approximation circuit 68 added to obtain log likelihoods and adapted to compute the correction term expressed in a one-dimensional function of a variable by linear approximation. The linear approximation circuit 68 computes the correction term by log-sum corrections by means of linear approximation using function F = -a |P - Q| + b, where the coefficient -a representing the gradient of the function and the coefficient b representing the intercept are expressed by a power exponent of 2. More specifically, when the coefficients a and b are expressed respectively by  $-2^{-k}$  and  $2^m - 1$  the linear approximation circuit 68 discards from the lowest bit the k-th lowest bits, bit-shifts the absolute value data |P - Q| and then inverts the m bits from the k+1-th lowest bit to the m+k-th lowest bit by means of inverter